

ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

**AN ORDINANCE CONCERNING SINGLE FAMILY CODE AMENDMENTS FOR ACCESSORY BUILDINGS, ALLEY ACCESS LOTS AND SECONDARY DWELLINGS; AMENDING SECTIONS 9.0500, 9.1245, 9.2741, 9.2750, 9.2751, 9.2760, 9.2761, 9.6505, 9.6775, 9.8030, AND 9.8405 OF THE EUGENE CODE, 1971; ADDING SECTION 9.2779 TO THAT CODE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.**

**THE CITY OF EUGENE DOES ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:**

**Section 1.** The following definitions in Section 9.0500 of the Eugene Code, 1971, are amended to provide as follows:

**9.0500** **Definitions.** As used in this land use code, unless the context requires otherwise, the following words and phrases mean:

**Accessory Building.** Any authorized, detached building subordinate to the main building on the same development site. *In addition*, [F]for the purposes of EC 9.2700 through [9.2777]**9.2751**, in the R-1 zone, an accessory building that shares a common wall with the primary dwelling for less than 8 feet is considered a detached accessory building.

**Bedroom.** [A]*Within a dwelling*, a bedroom is any room that either:

- (A) Is designated as a bedroom on a development plan submitted to the city;
- (B) Is included in the number of bedrooms stated in an advertisement, rental or sales contract, marketing material, loan application, or any other written document in which the owner, or an authorized agent of the owner, makes a representation regarding the number of bedrooms available in the dwelling; or
- (C) Meets all of the following:
  - 1. Is a room that is a “habitable space” as defined by the current Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC) or Oregon Residential Specialty Code (ORSC);
  - 2. Meets the OSSC or OSRC bedroom requirements for natural light, ventilation, and emergency escape and rescue windows;
  - 3. Is a room that is accessed by a door on an interior wall and that does not provide access to another room except for a bathroom, toilet room, closet, hall, or storage or utility space.

**kennel.** An establishment or premises on which 4 or more dogs over 6 months of age are kept or maintained, whether by owners of the dogs or by persons providing facilities and care, and whether or not for compensation, not including the temporary keeping of one additional dog for up to 6 months in any 12-month period. For purposes of this definition, if the “premises” consists of a lot that contains a main dwelling and a secondary dwelling unit, the “premises” means the lot. **(See [EC 9.2741(2)(a)5. and ]EC 9.2751(17)(j)(a)5. and (c)10.)**

**Section 2.** Section 9.1245 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.1245 Legal Pre-Existing Structures.** The structures listed in Table 9.1245 Legal Pre-Existing Structures shall be considered to be pre-existing as long as such structures were legally established. These structures may continue, and are not subject to the provisions of sections 9.1200 through 9.1230. Determinations as to whether a particular structure qualifies as a pre-existing structure shall be made by the Planning Director.

<b>Table 9.1245 Legal Pre-Existing Structures</b>		
<i>R-1 Low Density Residential</i>	<i>Secondary Dwelling</i>	<i>Limited to those in existence on _____ [effective date of ordinance]</i>
<i>R-1 Low Density Residential</i>	<i>Accessory Building</i>	<i>Limited to those in existence on _____ [effective date of ordinance]</i>
<i>R-1 Low Density Residential</i>	<i>Alley Access Lot Dwelling</i>	<i>Limited to those in existence on _____ [effective date of ordinance]</i>
R-1 Low Density Residential [within the] within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association	Secondary Dwelling, Rowhouse, Duplex, Triplex, Fourplex, Flag Lot, Alley Access Lot, Dwellings with 4 or more bedrooms, Accessory Building	Limited to those in existence on April 12, 2014

**Section 3.** Subsection (2) of Section 9.2741 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows, and by moving the provisions of (2)(a) and (b) to Section 9.2751(17) as shown in Section 5 of this Ordinance:

**9.2741 Special Use Limitations for Table 9.2740.**

(2) **Secondary Dwellings.** Secondary dwellings are only permitted in R-1 and are subject to the standards [below] **beginning at EC 9.2750, except that new secondary dwellings are prohibited on alley access lots.**

~~[(a) Secondary dwellings that are within the same building as the primary dwelling shall comply with all of the following:~~

- ~~1. The dwelling shall not exceed 800 square feet unless occupying the full story of a multi-story structure with ground floor residential use.~~
- ~~2. Either the primary dwelling or the secondary dwelling shall be occupied by the property owner.~~
- ~~3. There shall be at least 1 off-street parking space on the property.~~
- ~~4. Except for flag lots, the lot shall be at least 4,500 square feet. Flag lots shall contain at least 13,500 square feet to permit a secondary dwelling.~~
- ~~5. No more than 3 dogs shall be permitted on the lot, not including the temporary keeping of one additional dog for up to 6 months in any 12-month period.~~

- (b) ~~In addition to the standards in subsection (a) of this section, detached secondary dwellings shall comply with the following:~~
- ~~1. Except for flag lots, the lot shall be at least 6,000 square feet. Flag lots shall contain at least 13,500 square feet.~~
  - ~~2. If located within 20 feet of a property line, the maximum building height shall not exceed 15 feet.~~
  - ~~3. Provide a pedestrian walkway from the street or alley to the primary entrance of the secondary dwelling.~~
  - ~~4. The primary entrance to a secondary dwelling shall be defined by a roofed perch.~~
  - ~~5. Outdoor storage and garbage areas shall be screened from view from adjacent properties and those across the street or alley.~~

~~Prior to issuance of a final occupancy permit for the secondary dwelling (or the primary dwelling if it is constructed later), the owner shall provide the city with a copy of a notice that has been recorded with the Lane County Clerk that documents the requirement that the secondary dwelling or primary dwelling is, and will remain, owner/occupied.]~~

**Section 4.** Section 9.2750 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.2750 Residential Zone Development Standards.** In addition to applicable provisions contained elsewhere in this code, the development standards listed in this section and in EC 9.2751 to EC ~~[9.2777]~~ **9.2779** shall apply to all development in residential zones. In cases of conflicts, standards specifically applicable in the residential zone shall apply. ***In cases of conflicts in this section between the general standards and the area-specific standards, the area-specific standards shall apply.***

The following Table 9.2750 sets forth the residential zone development standards, subject to the special development standards in EC 9.2751.

<b>Table 9.2750 Residential Zone Development Standards (See EC 9.2751 Special Development Standards for Table 9.2750.)</b>					
	<b>R-1</b>	<b>R-1.5</b>	<b>R-2</b>	<b>R-3</b>	<b>R-4</b>
<b>Density (1)</b>					
<b>Minimum Net Density per Acre</b>	No Minimum	--	10 units	20 units	20 units
<b>Maximum Net Density per Acre</b>	14 units	--	28 units	56 units	112 units
<b>Maximum Building Height (2), (3), (4), (5), (16), (17), (18)</b>					
Main Building. Includes Secondary Dwellings [W] within the [M] main [B] building, <b><i>but does not include main building on an Alley Access Lot</i></b>	30 feet	35 feet	35 feet	50 feet	120 feet
<b><i>Main Building on Alley Access Lot</i></b>	<b><i>See (18)</i></b>	--	--	--	--

<b>Table 9.2750 Residential Zone Development Standards (See EC 9.2751 Special Development Standards for Table 9.2750.)</b>					
	<b>R-1</b>	<b>R-1.5</b>	<b>R-2</b>	<b>R-3</b>	<b>R-4</b>
Accessory Building. [Includes Secondary Dwellings Detached from Main Building (See EC 9.2741(2)(b) if located within 20 feet of property line.)]	[20 feet] <b>See (16)</b>	20 feet	25 feet	30 feet	30 feet
<b>Secondary Dwelling Detached from Main Building</b>	<b>See (17)</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Minimum Building Setbacks (2), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (16), (17), (18)</b>					
Front Yard Setback (excluding garages and carports)	10 feet	10 feet	10 feet	10 feet	10 feet
Front Yard Setback for Garage Doors and Carports (12)	18 feet	--	18 feet	18 feet	18 feet
Interior Yard Setback (except where use, structure, location is more specifically addressed below)(7)	5 feet or minimum of 10 feet between buildings	--	5 feet or minimum of 10 feet between buildings	5 feet or minimum of 10 feet between buildings	5 feet or minimum of 10 feet between buildings
Interior Yard Setback for Education, Government and Religious Uses.	15 feet	--	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet
Interior Yard Setback for Buildings Located on Flag Lots in R-1 Created After December 25, 2002 (See EC 9.2775(5)(b))	10 feet	--	--	--	--
<b>Interior Yard Setback for Secondary Dwellings</b>	<b>See (17)</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Interior Yard Setback for Alley Access Lots in R-1</b>	<b>See (18)</b>	--	--	--	--
Area-Specific Interior Yard Setback	--	--	--	See (8)	See (8)
<b>Maximum Lot Coverage (18)</b>					
All Lots, [Excluding Rowhouse Lots] <b>except where specifically addressed below</b>	50% of Lot	--	50% of Lot	--	--
<b>Lots with Secondary Dwellings (Area Specific)</b>	<b>See (17)(c)</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Alley Access Lots in R-1</b>	<b>See (18)</b>	--	--	--	--
Rowhouse Lots	75% of Lot	75% of Lot	75% of Lot	75% of Lot	75% of Lot
<b>Outdoor Living Area (13)</b>					
Minimum Total Open Space	--	--	20% of dev. site	20% of dev. site	20% of dev. site
<b>Fences (14)</b>					
Maximum Height Within Interior Yard Setbacks	6 feet	42 inches	6 feet	6 feet	6 feet

<b>Table 9.2750 Residential Zone Development Standards (See EC 9.2751 Special Development Standards for Table 9.2750.)</b>					
	<b>R-1</b>	<b>R-1.5</b>	<b>R-2</b>	<b>R-3</b>	<b>R-4</b>
Maximum Height within Front Yard Setbacks	42 inches	42 inches	42 inches	42 inches	42 inches
<b>Driveways and Parking Areas (15)</b>					
General Standards	--	--	--	See (15)(b)	See (15)(b)
Area-Specific	See (15)(a)	--	--	--	--
<b>Accessory Buildings in R-1 (16)</b>					
<b>General Standards</b>	<b>See (16)(a)</b>	--	--	--	--
Area-Specific	See (16)(b)	--	--	--	--
<b>Secondary Dwellings [Units] (17)</b>					
General Standards	See [EC 9.2741(2)] (17)(a) and (b)	--	--	--	--
Area-Specific	See (17)(c)	--	--	--	--
<b>Alley Access Lots (18)</b>					
<b>General Standards</b>	<b>See (18)(a)</b>				
Area-Specific	See (18)(b)	--	--	--	--
<b>Maximum Bedroom Count (19)</b>					
Area-Specific	See (19)	--	--	--	--

**Section 5.** Figure 9.2751(16)(a)2.a. is added as shown on Exhibit A attached hereto; Figure 9.2751(16)(c)1. is relabeled to Figure 9.2751(16)(b)3. as shown on Exhibit B attached hereto; Figure 9.2751(17)(b)6. is added as shown on Exhibit C attached hereto; Figure 9.2751(18)(a)5. is added as shown on Exhibit D attached hereto; Figure 9.2751(18)(k) is relabeled to Figure 9.2751(18)(a)11. as shown on Exhibit E attached hereto; and Subsections (3), (11), (16), (17), and (18) of Section 9.2751 of the Eugene Code, 1971, are amended; to provide as follows:

**9.2751 Special Development Standards for Table 9.2750.**

**(3) Building Height.**

- (a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) below, in the R-3 and R-4 zone, the maximum building height shall be limited to 30 feet for that portion of the building located within 50 feet from the abutting boundary of, or directly across an alley from, land zoned R-1.
- (b) For that area bound by Patterson Street to the west, Agate Street to the

east, East 18<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the north and East 20<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the south:

1. In the R-3 zone between 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Avenues, the maximum building height is 35 feet.
2. In the R-4 zone west of Hilyard Street, the maximum building height is 65 feet.
3. In the R-4 zone east of Hilyard Street, the maximum building height is:
  - a. 35 feet within the area south of 19<sup>th</sup> Avenue;
  - b. 50 feet within the half block abutting the north side of 19<sup>th</sup> Avenue;
  - c. 65 feet within the half block abutting the south side of 18<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

**(See Figure 9.2751(3)).**

- (c) For that area bound by Hilyard Street to the west, Kincaid Street to the east, East 13<sup>th</sup> Alley to the north and East 18<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the south the maximum building height is 65 feet.

**(See Figure 9.2751(3)).**

- (d) An additional 7 feet of building height is allowed for roof slopes of 6:12 or steeper in the R-1, R-2, R-3 and R-4 zones, except that this additional building height allowance is not permitted **in the R-1 zone** for secondary dwellings, accessory buildings [~~in the R-1 zone,~~] or development on alley access lots [~~within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association~~].

- (11) **Alley Access Lots/Parcels.** [~~Alley access parcels shall be subject to the provisions of this section for all yards, including the yard adjacent to the property line separating the alley access parcel from the original parent parcel. Alley access parcels have only interior yard setbacks.~~] There are no front yard setbacks since there is no frontage on a street. (See EC 9.2751(18) for Alley Access Lot Standards **in R-1** [~~within the city-recognized boundaries of the Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association~~].)

- (16) **Accessory Buildings in R-1.**

- (a) **General Standards.** *Except as provided in subsection (b) below, the following standards apply to all new accessory buildings in the R-1 zone that are detached or that share a common wall with the primary dwelling for less than 8 feet:*

1. **Building Size.**

- a. ***For accessory buildings on development sites (with a dwelling) that are 13,500 square feet or less in area, the maximum square footage of all accessory buildings shall not exceed 1,000 square feet.***
- b. ***For accessory buildings on development sites (with a dwelling) that are greater than 13,500 square feet and less than 43,560 square feet, the maximum square footage of all accessory buildings shall be 10 percent of the area of the development site but in no case shall the total square footage of all accessory buildings exceed 3,000 square feet.***
- c. ***For accessory buildings on development sites 43,560 square feet or greater in area, or on development sites***

*with a non-residential use, there is no building size limitation.*

*For the purposes of calculating area, all floors of a multi-story structure shall be included.*

2. **Building Height/Interior Setback.**
    - a. *For accessory buildings on development sites (with a dwelling) that are 13,500 square feet or less in area, interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet. In addition, at a point that is 12 feet above finished grade, the setback shall slope at the rate of 6 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally away from the property line to a maximum building height of 22 feet. (See Figure 9.2751(16)(a)2.a.)*
    - b. *For accessory buildings on development sites greater than 13,500 square feet in area or on development sites with a non-residential use, the interior yard setback shall be at least 10 feet. In addition, at a point that is 12 feet above finished grade, the setback shall slope at a rate of 10 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally away from the property line to a maximum building height of 25 feet.*
  3. **Use.** *No accessory building shall be rented, advertised, represented or otherwise used as an independent dwelling. An accessory building shall be limited to 2 plumbing fixtures, except that an accessory building may have 3 plumbing fixtures if, prior to the city's issuance of a building permit for the accessory building, the owner records a deed restriction with the Lane County Clerk, on a form approved by the city, that includes the following provisions:*
    - a. *The accessory building may not be rented, advertised, represented, or otherwise used as an independent dwelling.*
    - b. *The deed restriction runs with the land and binds the property owner(s), heirs, successors and assigns.*
    - c. *The deed restriction may be terminated, upon approval by the city, at such time as the city code no longer limits the use of said accessory building for residential uses, or upon removal of the accessory building.*
  5. **Adjustment Review.** *The standards in EC 9.2751(16)(a)1. and 2. regarding building size and building height/interior setback may be adjusted, based on the criteria at EC 9.8030(34). For accessory buildings in the R-1, these are the only standards that may be adjusted. These standards are not adjustable for accessory buildings within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association.*
- (b) **Area-Specific Accessory Building Standards.** *The following standards apply to all new accessory buildings associated with a dwelling in the R-1 zone within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association that are detached or that share a common*

wall with the primary dwelling for less than 8 feet:

- ~~(a)~~1. In addition to any accessory buildings legally established prior to April 12, 2014, one accessory building is allowed.
- ~~(b)~~2. The accessory building shall not exceed 400 square feet in area.
- ~~(c)~~3. Building Height/Interior [~~Sloped~~] Setback.
  - ~~1.~~a. The interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet from the interior lot lines. In addition, at a point that is 8 feet above finished grade, the setbacks shall slope at the rate of 10 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally (approximately 40 degrees from horizontal) away from the lot lines until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 18 feet.
  - ~~2.~~b. The allowances for setback intrusions provided at EC 9.6745(3) do not apply within the setback described in 1. above, except that eaves, chimneys and gables are allowed to project into this setback no more than 2 feet.

**(See Figure 9.2751(16))~~(c)1.~~(b)3.)**

- ~~(d)~~4. An accessory building greater than 200 square feet in area shall have a minimum roof pitch of 6 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally.
- ~~(e)~~5. No accessory building shall be rented, advertised, represented or otherwise used as an independent dwelling.
- ~~(f)~~6. The accessory building shall not include more than one plumbing fixture.
- ~~(g)~~7. For an accessory building with one plumbing fixture, prior to the city's issuance of a building permit for the accessory building, the owner shall provide the city with a copy of a deed restriction on a form approved by the city that has been recorded with the Lane County Clerk. The deed restriction must include the following statements:
  - ~~1.~~a. The accessory building shall not be rented, advertised, represented or otherwise used as an independent dwelling.
  - ~~2.~~b. If the property owner is unable or unwilling to fulfill the requirements of the Eugene Code for use of the accessory building, then the property owner shall discontinue the use and remove the plumbing fixture from the building.
  - ~~3.~~c. Lack of compliance with the above shall be cause for code enforcement under the provisions of the applicable Eugene Code.
  - ~~4.~~d. The deed restriction shall lapse upon removal of the accessory building or removal of the plumbing fixture. The City must approve removal of deed restriction.
  - ~~5.~~e. The deed restriction shall run with the land and be binding upon the property owner, heirs and assigns and is binding upon any successor in ownership of the property.

**(17) Secondary Dwellings in R-1.**

- (a) General Standards for Attached Secondary Dwellings. Except as provided in subsection (c) below, secondary dwellings that are within the same building as the primary dwelling shall comply with all of the following:**
  - 1. Lot Area. To allow for a secondary dwelling, the lot shall**



- contain at least 4,500 square feet except that flag lots shall contain at least 13,500 square feet.
2. **Building Size.** The secondary dwelling shall not exceed 800 square feet of total building square footage, measured at the exterior perimeter walls. Total building square footage is defined as all square footage inside of the dwelling, including, but not limited to hallways, entries, closets, utility rooms, stairways and bathrooms.
  3. **Minimum Attachment.** The secondary dwelling and the primary dwelling must share a common wall or ceiling for a minimum length of 8 feet to be considered attached.
  4. **Maximum Bedrooms.** The secondary dwelling shall contain no more than 2 bedrooms.
  5. **Dog Keeping.** No more than 3 dogs shall be permitted on the lot, not including the temporary keeping of one additional dog for up to 6 months in any 12-month period.
  6. **Ownership/Occupancy Requirements.** Either the primary dwelling or the secondary dwelling shall be the principal residence of the property owner. The principal residence must be occupied for a minimum of 6 months of each calendar year by a property owner who is the majority owner of the property as shown in the most recent Lane County Assessor's roll. If there is more than one property owner of record, the owner with the majority interest in the property shall be deemed the property owner. Any property owner of record holding an equal share in the property may be deemed the majority owner if no other owner owns a greater interest. The principal residence cannot be leased or rented when not occupied by the property owner. Prior to the city's issuance of the building permit for the secondary dwelling (or the primary dwelling if it is constructed later) the property owner must provide the city with a copy of the property deed to verify ownership and two forms of documentation to verify occupancy of the primary residence. Acceptable documentation for this purpose includes voter's registration, driver's license, homeowner's insurance, income tax filing, and/or utility bill. When both the primary and secondary dwelling are constructed at the same time, such documentation must be provided prior to final occupancy.
  7. **Temporary Leave.** Notwithstanding subsection 6. above, a property owner may temporarily vacate the principal residence for up to one year due to a temporary leave of absence for an employment, educational, volunteer opportunity, or medical need. The property owner must provide the city proof of temporary leave status from the property owner's employer, educational facility, volunteer organization or medical provider, and a notarized statement that the property owner intends to resume occupancy of the principal residence after the one year limit. During the temporary leave, the property owner may rent or lease both units on the property. Leaves in which property owner is

*temporarily absent shall not be consecutive and shall not occur more than once every 5 years. This standard may be adjusted in accordance with EC 9.8030(35).*

8. **Deed Restriction.** *Prior to issuance of a building permit for the secondary dwelling (or the primary dwelling if it is constructed later), the owner shall provide the city with a copy of a deed restriction on a form approved by the city that has been recorded with the Lane County Clerk. The deed restriction must include a reference to the deed under which the property was acquired by the present owner and include the following provisions:*
    - a. *One of the dwellings must be the principal residence of a property owner who is the majority owner of the property. Requirements for occupancy shall be determined according to the applicable provisions of the Eugene Code.*
    - b. *The deed restriction runs with the land and binds the property owner(s), heirs, successors and assigns.*
    - c. *The deed restriction may be terminated, upon approval by the city, when one of the dwellings is removed, or at such time as the city code no longer requires principal occupancy of one of the dwellings by the owner.*
  9. **Verification.** *At least once every two years, the property owner shall provide to the city documentation of compliance with the ownership and occupancy requirements of subsection 6. above. The property owner must provide a copy of the current property deed to verify ownership and two forms of documentation to verify occupancy of the principal residence. Acceptable documentation for this purpose includes voter's registration, driver's license, homeowner's insurance, income tax filing, and/or utility bill.*
- (b) **General Standards for Detached Secondary Dwellings.** *In addition to the standards in subsection (a) of this section, detached secondary dwellings shall comply with the following, except as provided in subsection (c) below:*
1. **Lot Area.** *To allow for a secondary dwelling, the lot shall contain at least 6,000 square feet, except that flag lots shall contain at least 13,500 square feet.*
  2. **Building Size.** *Up to 300 square feet of un-heated garage or storage space attached to the secondary dwelling unit is allowed and is not counted in the allowable total building square footage.*
  3. **Pedestrian Access.** *A pedestrian walkway shall be provided from the street or alley to the primary entrance of the secondary dwelling. The pedestrian walkway shall be a hard surface (concrete, asphalt or pavers) and shall be a minimum of 3 feet in width.*
  4. **Primary Entrance.** *The primary entry to a secondary dwelling shall be defined by a covered or roofed entrance with a minimum roof depth and width of no less than 3 feet.*
  5. **Outdoor Storage/Trash.** *Outdoor storage and garbage areas*

*shall be screened from view from adjacent properties and those across the street or alley with a minimum 42-inch tall 100-percent site obscuring fence or enclosure on at least three sides.*

**6. Building Height/Interior Setback.**

**a. For detached secondary dwellings located within 20 feet of a property line:**

**(1) Interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet. In addition, for roof slopes less than 5:12, at a point that is 12 feet above finished grade, the setback shall slope at the rate of 6 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally away from the property line until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 15 feet.**

**(2) Interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet. In addition, for roof slopes 5:12 or greater, at a point that is 12 feet above finished grade, the setback shall slope at the rate of 6 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally away from the property line until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 18 feet.**

**b. For detached secondary dwellings located 20 feet or more from all property lines, the maximum building height is 24 feet.**

**c. The allowances for setback intrusions provided at EC 9.6745(3) do not apply within the setback described in a. above, except that eaves, chimneys and gables are allowed to project into this setback no more than 2 feet. (See Figure 9.2751(17)(b)6.)**

**d. This standard may be adjusted to allow for a secondary dwelling over an accessory building in accordance with EC 9.8030(35).**

**7. Maximum Wall Length. Along the vertical face of the dwelling, offsets shall occur at a minimum of every 25 feet by providing at least one of following: recesses or extensions, including entrances, a minimum depth of 2 feet and a minimum width of 5 feet for the full height of the wall. Full height is intended to mean from floor to ceiling (allowing for cantilever floor joists).**

**(c) Area-Specific Secondary Dwelling Standards. The following standards apply to all new attached or detached secondary dwellings in the R-1 zone within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association:**

**(a)1. Lot Area. To allow for a secondary dwelling, the lot shall contain at least 7,500 square feet.**

**(b)2. Lot Dimension. The boundaries of the lot must be sufficient to fully encompass an area with minimum dimensions of 45 feet by 45 feet.**

**(c)3. Lot Coverage. The lot shall meet the lot coverage requirements for R-1, except that all roofed areas shall be included as part of**

the calculation of lot coverage.

- (d)4. Vehicle Use Area. The maximum area covered by paved and unpaved vehicle use areas including but not limited to driveways, on-site parking and turnarounds, shall be limited to 20 percent of the total lot area.
- (e)5. Building Size. For lots at least 7,500 square feet and less than 9,000 square feet in area, the secondary dwelling shall not exceed 600 square feet of total building square footage. For lots at least 9,000 square feet in area, the secondary dwelling shall not exceed 800 square feet of total building square footage. Total building square footage is defined as all square footage inside of the dwelling, including, but not limited to hallways, entries, closets, utility rooms, stairways and bathrooms.
- (f)6. Minimum Attachment. ~~[The secondary dwelling and the primary dwelling must share a common wall or ceiling for a minimum length of 8 feet to be considered attached.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)3. are applicable.**
- (g)7. Maximum Bedrooms. For lots with a primary dwelling containing 3 or fewer bedrooms, the secondary dwelling shall be limited to 2 bedrooms. For lots with a primary dwelling containing 4 or more bedrooms, the secondary dwelling shall be limited to 1 bedroom.
- (h)8. Maximum Occupancy. For lots with a primary dwelling containing 3 or fewer bedrooms, the secondary dwelling shall be limited to 3 occupants. For lots with a primary dwelling containing 4 or more bedrooms, the secondary dwelling shall be limited to 2 occupants.
- (i)9. Building Height/Interior [Sloped] Setback. For detached secondary dwellings:
  - 1.a. The interior yard setback shall be at least 5 feet from the interior lot line. In addition, at a point that is 8 feet above grade, the setback shall slope at the rate of 10 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally (approximately 40 degrees from horizontal) away from the lot line until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 18 feet.
  - 2.b. The allowances for setback intrusions provided at EC 9.6745(3) do not apply within the setback described in 1. above, except that eaves, chimneys and gables are allowed to project into this setback no more than 2 feet.

**(See Figure 9.2751(16)(c)4.(b)3.)**

- (j)10. Dog Keeping. ~~[No more than 3 dogs shall be permitted on the lot, not including the temporary keeping of one additional dog for up to 6 months in any 12-month period.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)5. are applicable.**
- (k)11. Ownership/Occupancy Requirements. ~~[Either the primary dwelling or the secondary dwelling shall be the principal residence of the property owner. The principal residence must be occupied for a minimum of 6 months of each calendar year by a property owner who is the majority owner of the property as shown in the most recent Lane County Assessor's roll. If there is more than one property owner of record, the owner with the majority interest in the property shall be deemed the property owner. Any property owner of record holding an equal share in the property may be~~

deemed the majority owner if no other owner owns a greater interest. The principal residence cannot be leased or rented when not occupied by the property owner. Prior to the city's issuance of the building permit for the secondary dwelling (or the primary dwelling if it is constructed later) the property owner must provide the city with a copy of the property deed to verify ownership and two forms of documentation to verify occupancy of the primary residence. Acceptable documentation for this purpose includes voter's registration, driver's license, homeowner's insurance, income tax filing, and/or utility bill. When both the primary and secondary dwelling are constructed at the same time, such documentation must be provided prior to final occupancy.] **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)6. are applicable.**

(j) **12. Temporary Leave.** [Notwithstanding subsection (k) above, a property owner may temporarily vacate the principal residence for up to one year due to a temporary leave of absence for an employment, educational, volunteer opportunity, or medical need. The property owner must provide the city proof of temporary leave status from the property owner's employer, educational facility, volunteer organization or medical provider, and a notarized statement that the property owner intends to resume occupancy of the principal residence after the one year limit. During the temporary leave, the property owner may rent or lease both units on the property. Leaves in which property owner is temporarily absent shall not be consecutive and shall not occur more than once every 5 years.] **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)7. are applicable.**

(m) **13. Deed Restriction.** [Prior to issuance of a building permit for the secondary dwelling (or the primary dwelling if it is constructed later), the owner shall provide the city with a copy of a deed restriction on a form approved by the city that has been recorded with the Lane County Clerk. The deed restriction must include a reference to the deed under which the property was acquired by the present owner and include the following provisions:

1. One of the dwellings must be the principal residence of a property owner who is the majority owner of the property. Requirements for occupancy shall be determined according to the applicable provisions of the Eugene Code.
2. The deed restriction runs with the land and binds the property owner(s), heirs, successors and assigns.
3. The deed restriction may be terminated, upon approval by the City, when one of the dwellings is removed, or at such time as the city code no longer requires principal occupancy of one of the dwellings by the owner.

In addition, the applicable maximum occupancy limitation in subsection (h) above must be included in the deed restriction.] **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)8. are applicable.**

(n) **14. Verification.** [At least once every two years, the property owner shall provide to the city documentation of compliance with the ownership and occupancy requirements of subsection (k) above. The property owner must provide a copy of the current property

deed to verify ownership and two forms of documentation to verify occupancy of the principal residence. Acceptable documentation for this purpose includes voter's registration, driver's license, homeowner's insurance, income tax filing, and/or utility bill.] **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)9. are applicable.**

- ~~(o)~~ **15. Parking.** For the primary dwelling, there shall be a minimum of one and a maximum of two parking spaces on the lot. There shall be one additional parking space on the lot for the exclusive use for the occupants and guests of the secondary dwelling.
- ~~(p)~~ **16. Alley Access Parking and Driveway.** The standards at EC 9.2751(18)~~[(k)]~~**(a)11.** are applicable to attached and detached secondary dwellings where primary vehicle access for the required parking is from an alley.
- ~~(q)~~ **17. Pedestrian Access.** ~~[A pedestrian walkway shall be provided from the street or alley to the primary entrance of the secondary dwelling. The pedestrian walkway shall be a hard surface (concrete, asphalt or pavers) and shall be a minimum of 3 feet in width. The standards in this subsection (q) are applicable to attached and detached secondary dwellings, except that if primary vehicle access for the required parking is from an alley, the path must be provided from the alley.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(b)3. are applicable to attached and detached secondary dwellings, except that if primary vehicle access for the required parking is from an alley, the path must be provided from the alley.**
- ~~(r)~~ **18. Primary Entrance.** ~~[The primary entry to a secondary dwelling shall be defined by a covered or roofed entrance with a minimum roof depth and width of no less than 3 feet. The standards in this subsection [(r)] are applicable to detached secondary dwellings only.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(b)4. are applicable to detached secondary dwellings only.**
- ~~(s)~~ **19. Outdoor Storage/Trash.** ~~[Outdoor storage and garbage areas shall be screened from view from adjacent properties and those across the street or alley with a minimum 42-inch tall 100-percent site-obscuring fence or enclosure on at least three sides. The standards in this subsection [(s)] are applicable to detached secondary dwellings only.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(b)5. are applicable to detached secondary dwellings only.**
- ~~(t)~~ **20. Maximum Wall Length.** ~~[Along the vertical face of the dwelling, offsets shall occur at a minimum of every 25 feet by providing at least one of following: recesses or extensions, including entrances, a minimum depth of 2 feet and a minimum width of 5 feet for the full height of the wall. Full height is intended to mean from floor to ceiling (allowing for cantilever floor joists). The standards in this subsection [(t)] are applicable for detached secondary dwellings only.]~~ **The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(b)7. are applicable for detached secondary dwellings only.**
- ~~[(u)]~~ **Enforcement.** Failure to adhere to the standards required under this section shall constitute a violation subject to the enforcement provisions of section 9.0000 through 9.0280 General Administration.]

- (d) **Adjustment Review.** The standards at EC 9.2751(17)(a)7. regarding temporary leave and at EC 9.2751(17)(b)6. regarding building height (to allow for a secondary dwelling over an accessory building) may be adjusted in accordance with EC 9.8030(35). Additionally, an adjustment may be requested to convert an existing building into a secondary dwelling in accordance with EC 9.8030(35) if the existing building does not meet the standards under EC 9.2751(17)(a) or (b). For secondary dwellings, these are the only standards that may be adjusted. With the exception of EC 9.2751(17)(a)7. regarding temporary leave, these standards are not adjustable for secondary dwellings within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association.
- (e) **Enforcement.** Failure to adhere to the standards required under this section shall constitute a violation subject to the enforcement provisions of section 9.0000 through 9.0280 General Administration.
- (18) **Alley Access Lots in R-1.**
- (a) **General Standards.**
1. **Applicability.** Except as provided in (b) below, the following standards apply to all alley access lots in R-1.
  2. **Use Regulations.** Alley access lots have the same land use regulations as the base zone except that there is no allowance for a secondary dwelling unit.
  3. **Building Size.** An alley access lot dwelling shall not exceed 1,000 square feet of total building square footage, measured at the exterior perimeter walls. For alley access lots, total building square footage is defined as all square footage inside of the dwelling, including, but not limited to hallways, entries, closets, utility rooms, stairways and bathrooms. For one and one-half story structures, a maximum of 400 square feet of the total building square footage can be on the upper floor.
  4. **Lot Coverage.** Alley access lots shall meet the lot coverage requirements for R-1, except that all roofed areas shall be included as part of the calculation of lot coverage.
  5. **Building Height/Interior Setback.**
    - a. Interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet, including along the alley frontage. In addition, at a point that is 14 feet above finished grade, the setback shall slope at the rate of 8 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally away from the property line perpendicular to the alley until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 24 feet.
    - b. The allowances for setback intrusions provided at EC 9.6745(3) do not apply within the setback described in 1. above, except that eaves, chimneys and gables are allowed to project into this setback no more than 2 feet. (See Figure 9.2751(18)(a)5.)
    - c. These standards may be adjusted in accordance with EC 9.8030(36).

6. **Windows, Dormers and Balconies.**
  - a. *Any window on the upper story must be located a minimum of 10 feet from any property line.*
  - b. *Up to two dormers are allowed on the side of the dwelling facing the alley. Dormers are limited to a maximum width of 10 feet. Dormers are not allowed on the remaining sides of the dwelling.*
  - c. *Balconies and other second floor outdoor areas are only allowed on the side of the dwelling facing the alley, and shall be setback at least 10 feet from the alley.*
  - d. *Notwithstanding 2. and 3. above, dormers and balconies are not allowed on the second floor of a dwelling on any non-alley facing property line unless the affected adjacent property owner consents in writing on a form approved by the city.*
7. **Bedrooms.** *The dwelling shall contain no more than 3 bedrooms.*
8. **Primary Entrance.** *The primary entry to the dwelling shall be defined by a covered or roofed entrance with a minimum roof depth and width of no less than 3 feet.*
9. **Pedestrian Access.** *The dwelling shall be served by a minimum three foot wide hard-surfaced/hard-scaped (paved, concrete or pavers) pedestrian walkway from the alley, or from the front street via an easement. The pedestrian walkway must be recognizable and distinct (different color, materials and/or texture) from the driveway and parking area, but is not required to be separated from the driveway or parking area.*
10. **Parking Spaces.** *There shall be a minimum of 1 and a maximum of 2 parking spaces on the lot.*
11. **Parking and Driveway.**
  - a. *Only one covered or enclosed parking space may be provided (carport or garage). The covered or enclosed parking space shall be counted towards the total number of parking spaces.*
  - b. *The maximum dimensions for a garage shall be 16 feet by 24 feet, with a maximum garage door width of 9 feet.*
  - c. *The minimum setback for a garage shall be 5 feet from the alley. If the garage is setback greater than 5 feet from the alley, it must be setback a minimum of 15 feet and the area between the garage and the alley shall be counted towards one parking space.*
  - d. *The maximum width for a driveway accessing a garage or carport shall be 12 feet.*
  - e. *The maximum dimensions for one parking space located perpendicular to the alley shall be 12 feet in width by 20 feet in depth.*
  - f. *The maximum dimensions for two side by side parking spaces perpendicular to the alley shall be 20 feet in width by 20 feet in depth.*



- g. *The maximum dimensions for tandem parking spaces shall be 12 feet in width by 33 feet in depth.*
  - h. *Only one parking space parallel to the alley shall be allowed, and such space shall not exceed 10 feet in width and 20 feet in length along the length of alley.*
  - i. *The total vehicle use area, including but not limited to driveways and on-site parking, but not including parking space in garage, shall not exceed 400 square feet.*
  - j. *No parking shall occur outside of the vehicle use area. (See Figure 9.2751(18)(a)11.)*
12. **Distance from Street/Fire Safety.** *If any portion of the exterior walls of the first story of the dwelling is greater than 150 feet from the centerline of the alley where it intersects with the curb of the street, as measured by a route approved by the fire code official, the dwelling shall be equipped throughout with multi-purpose residential sprinklers as defined in National Fire Protection Association Standard 13D.*
  13. **Trash and Recycling.** *Outdoor storage and garbage areas shall be screened from view from adjacent properties and those across the alley with a minimum 42-inch tall 100-percent site obscuring fence or enclosure on at least three sides.*
  14. **Accessory Buildings.** *Detached accessory buildings are allowed subject to the standards at EC 9.2751(16), except that the total square footage of all accessory buildings on an alley access lot is limited to 400 square feet.*
  15. **Adjustment Review.** *For alley access lots, EC 9.2751(18)(a)5 is the only standard that may be adjusted.*
- (b) **Area-Specific Alley Access Lot Standards in R-1.** ~~[(a) Applicability. The following standards apply]~~ ***Except as provided below, the standards in subsection (a) of this section apply to alley access lots existing as of April 12, 2014, in the R-1 zone within the city-recognized boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association. In lieu of EC 9.2751(18)(a)5. Building Height/Interior Setback, the following applies:***
- ~~[(b) General. All base zone development standards must be met, unless otherwise stated in this section. Secondary dwellings are not allowed.~~
  - ~~[(c) Building Size. An alley access lot dwelling shall not exceed 1,000 square feet of total building square footage, measured at the exterior perimeter walls. For alley access lots, total building square footage is defined as all square footage inside of the dwelling, including, but not limited to hallways, entries, closets, utility rooms, stairways and bathrooms. For one and one-half story structures, a maximum of 400 square feet of the total building square footage can be on the upper floor.~~
  - ~~[(d) Lot Coverage. Alley access lots shall meet the lot coverage requirements for R-1, except that all roofed areas shall be included as part of the calculation of lot coverage.]~~
  - ~~[(e) Building Height/Interior Setback.]~~

1. The interior yard setbacks shall be at least 5 feet from all lot lines (including the alley frontage). In addition, at a point that is 8 feet above finished grade, the setbacks from all lot lines, except the alley frontage, shall slope at the rate of 10 inches vertically for every 12 inches horizontally (approximately 40 degrees from horizontal) away from the lot line until a point not to exceed a maximum building height of 18 feet.
2. The allowances for setback intrusions provided at EC 9.6745(3) do not apply within the setback described in 1. above, except that eaves, chimneys and gables are allowed to project into this setback no more than 2 feet.

**(See Figure 9.2751(16)[(c)1.](b)3.)**

**3. *This standard may not be adjusted.***

~~(f) Windows, Dormers and Balconies.~~

- ~~1. Any window on the upper story must be located a minimum of 10 feet from any property line.~~
- ~~2. Up to two dormers are allowed on the side of the dwelling facing the alley. Dormers are limited to a maximum width of 10 feet. Dormers are not allowed on the remaining sides of the dwelling.~~
- ~~3. Balconies and other second floor outdoor areas are only allowed on the side of the dwelling facing the alley, and shall be setback at least 10 feet from the alley.~~
- ~~4. Notwithstanding 2. and 3. above, dormers and balconies are not allowed on the second floor of a dwelling on any non-alley facing property line unless the affected adjacent property owner consents in writing on a form approved by the city.~~

~~(g) Bedrooms. The dwelling shall contain no more than 3 bedrooms.~~

~~(h) Primary Entrance. The primary entry to the dwelling shall be defined by a covered or roofed entrance with a minimum roof depth and width of no less than 3 feet.~~

~~(i) Pedestrian Access. The dwelling shall be served by a minimum three foot wide hard surfaced/hardscaped (paved, concrete or pavers) pedestrian walkway from the alley, or from the front street via an easement. The pedestrian walkway must be recognizable and distinct (different color, materials and/or texture) from the driveway and parking area, but is not required to be separated from the driveway or parking area.~~

~~(j) Parking Spaces. There shall be a minimum of 1 and a maximum of 2 parking spaces on the lot.~~

~~(k) Parking and Driveway.~~

- ~~1. Only one covered or enclosed parking space may be provided (carport or garage). The covered or enclosed parking space shall be counted towards the total number of parking spaces.~~
- ~~2. The maximum dimensions for a garage shall be 16 feet by 24 feet, with a maximum garage door width of 9 feet.~~
- ~~3. The minimum setback for a garage shall be 5 feet from the alley. If the garage is setback greater than 5 feet from the alley, it must be setback a minimum of 15 feet and the area~~

between the garage and the alley shall be counted towards one parking space.

4. ~~The maximum width for a driveway accessing a garage or carport shall be 12 feet.~~
  5. ~~The maximum dimensions for one parking space located perpendicular to the alley shall be 12 feet in width by 20 feet in depth.~~
  6. ~~The maximum dimensions for two side by side parking spaces perpendicular to the alley shall be 20 feet in width by 20 feet in depth.~~
  7. ~~The maximum dimensions for tandem parking spaces shall be 12 feet in width by 33 feet in depth.~~
  8. ~~Only one parking space parallel to the alley shall be allowed, and such space shall not exceed 10 feet in width and 20 feet in length along the length of alley.~~
  9. ~~The total vehicle use area, including but not limited to driveways and on-site parking, but not including parking space in garage, shall not exceed 400 square feet.~~
  10. ~~No parking shall occur outside of the vehicle use area. (See Figure 9.2751(18)(k))~~
- (l) ~~Distance from Street/Fire Safety.~~ If any portion of the exterior walls of the first story of the dwelling is greater than 150 feet from the centerline of the alley where it intersects with the curb of the street, as measured by a route approved by the fire code official, the dwelling shall be equipped throughout with multi-purpose residential sprinklers as defined in National Fire Protection Association Standard 13D.
- (m) ~~Trash and Recycling.~~ Outdoor storage and garbage areas shall be screened from view from adjacent properties and those across the alley with a minimum 42-inch tall 100-percent site obscuring fence or enclosure on at least three sides.
- (n) ~~Accessory Buildings.~~ Detached accessory buildings are allowed subject to the standards at EC 9.2751(16), except that the total square footage of all accessory buildings on an alley access lot is limited to 400 square feet.]

**Section 6.** Section 9.2760 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.2760 Residential Zone Lot Standards.** The following Table 9.2760 sets forth residential zone lot standards, subject to the special standards in EC 9.2761.

<b>Table 9.2760 Residential Zone Lot Standards (See EC 9.2761 Special Standards for Table 9.2760.)</b>					
	R-1	R-1.5	R-2	R-3	R-4
<b>Lot Area Minimum (1)</b>					

**Table 9.2760 Residential Zone Lot Standards  
(See EC 9.2761 Special Standards for Table 9.2760.)**

	R-1	R-1.5	R-2	R-3	R-4
Lots, except Rowhouse Lots, Small Lots, Duplex Lots, Triplex Lots, Fourplex Lots, Residential Flag Lots, Duplex Division Lots, <b>Alley Access Lots</b>	4,500 square feet	--	4,500 square feet	4,500 square feet	4,500 square feet
Small Lots (2)	Per Cluster Subdivision or PUD		2,250 square feet or per Cluster Subdivision or PUD	2,250 square feet or per Cluster Subdivision or PUD	2,250 square feet or per Cluster Subdivision or PUD
Rowhouse Lots (3) (Rowhouse lots shall be indicated on the final plat and shall be developed with a rowhouse.)	1,600 square feet	1,600 square feet	1,600 square feet	1,600 square feet	1,600 square feet
Duplex Lots (In R-1, a duplex lot shall be indicated on the final subdivision plat as developable as a duplex. Such lots may not be created by a partition. Alternatively, a duplex lot may be located on a corner lot that contains at least 8,000 square feet.)	8,000 square feet	--	--	--	--
Triplex Lots (In R-1, lots shall be indicated on the final subdivision plat as developable as a triplex. Such lots may not be created by a partition)	12,000 square feet	--	--	--	--
Fourplex Lots (In R-1, lots shall be indicated on the final plat and shall be developed as a fourplex.)	16,000 square feet	--	--	--	--
Residential Flag Lot (4) (Existing lot shall be at least 13,500 square feet.)	6,000 square feet	--	6,000 square feet	6,000 square feet	6,000 square feet
Duplex Division Lots (8) (Existing lot shall be at least 8,000 square feet.)	3,600 square feet		3,600 square feet	3,600 square feet	3,600 square feet
<b>Alley Access Lot (Existing lot or lots shall be at least 9,000 square feet)</b>	<b>2,250 square feet</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Lot Frontage Minimum (1)</b>					
Interior Lot	50 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)
Corner Lot	50 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)
Curved Lot	35 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35feet (9)	35feet (9)
Cul-de-sac Bulb Lot	35 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet
Residential Flag Lot (4)					

<b>Table 9.2760 Residential Zone Lot Standards (See EC 9.2761 Special Standards for Table 9.2760.)</b>					
	<b>R-1</b>	<b>R-1.5</b>	<b>R-2</b>	<b>R-3</b>	<b>R-4</b>
1 Lot	15 feet		15 feet	15 feet	15 feet
2 to 4 Lots	25 feet		25 feet	25 feet	25 feet
Rowhouse Lot	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet
<b>Alley Access Lot</b>	<b>0 feet</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Lot Width Minimum (1)</b>					
Interior Lot (7)	50 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)
Corner Lot	50 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)
Curved Lot	35 feet	20 feet	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)	35 feet (9)
Cul-de-sac Bulb Lot	35 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet	20 feet
Residential Flag Lot (4)	50 feet		--	--	
Rowhouse Lot	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet	15 feet
<b>Alley Access Lot</b>	<b>50 feet</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Lot Area Maximum (5)</b>					
[({})New subdivisions and partitions only({})], <b>except for Alley Access Lots</b>	13,500 square feet	--	--	--	--
<b>Alley Access Lots</b>	<b>5,000 square feet</b>	--	--	--	--
<b>Housing Mix Maximum (6)</b>					
Duplex	See EC 9.2741(4)	--	--	--	--
Triplex	See EC 9.2741(5)	--	--	--	--
Four[-]plex	See EC 9.2741(6)	--	--	--	--

**Section 7.** Section 9.2779 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is added to provide as follows:

**9.2779 Alley Access Lot Standards**

- (1) **Purpose.** *To provide opportunities for single family housing variety and choice, home ownership, and affordable housing, and to promote the efficient use of residential land by allowing the creation of a lot that fronts an alley rather than a street. Development standards are included to specifically address design considerations and compatibility.*
- (2) **Applicability.** *The creation of new alley access lots is prohibited in the R-1 zone within the boundaries of Amazon Neighbors, Fairmount Neighbors and South University Neighborhood Association.*
- (3) **Land Division Regulations.**
  - (a) **Original Lot.** *The original (existing) lot or lots shall be a minimum of 9,000 square feet in area prior to the creation of the alley access lot. If the original lot(s) meet(s) the required lot area and dimensions to create a flag lot or an alley access lot, only an alley access lot shall be created.*
  - (b) **Front Lot:** *The street fronting lot shall meet the lot standards for R-1 lots*
  - (c) **Lot Area.** *The alley access lot shall be a minimum of 2,250 square feet, a maximum of 5,000 square feet and shall not exceed 40*

- percent of the area of the street fronting lot.*
- (d) **Lot Width.** *The alley access lot shall have a minimum width of 50 feet, and shall abut the alley for a minimum width of 50 feet.*
  - (e) **Lot Depth.** *No portion of the alley access lot shall have a depth of less than 35 feet.*
  - (f) **Distance from Street.** *The corner of the alley access lot closest to the street shall be a maximum of 125 feet from the centerline of the alley where it intersects with the curb of the street.*
  - (g) **Alley Improvement.** *The minimum improvement width for the alley shall be 12 feet.*

**Section 8.** Subsection (3) of Section 9.6505 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.6505** **Improvements - Specifications.** All public improvements shall be designed and constructed in accordance with adopted plans and policies, the procedures specified in Chapter 7 of this code, and standards and specifications adopted pursuant to Chapter 7 of this code. Additionally, all developments shall make and be served by the following infrastructure improvements:

**(3) Streets and Alleys.**

- (a) The developer shall grade and pave all streets and alleys in the development site. All paving shall be to the width specified in EC 9.6870 Street Width and provide for drainage of all such streets and alleys, and construct curbs and gutters, sidewalks, street trees and street lights within the development site according to the Design Standards and Guidelines for Eugene Streets, Sidewalks, Bikeways and Accessways and standards and specifications adopted pursuant to Chapter 7 of this code and other adopted plans and policies.
- (b) The developer shall pave streets and alleys adjacent to the development site to the width specified in EC 9.6870 Street Width, unless such streets and alleys are already paved to that width, provided the City makes findings to demonstrate consistency with constitutional requirements. All paving shall provide for drainage of all such streets and alleys, and construct curbs and gutters, sidewalks, street trees and street lights adjacent to the development site according to the Design Standards and Guidelines for Eugene Streets, Sidewalks, Bikeways and Accessways and standards and specifications adopted pursuant to Chapter 7 of this code and other adopted plans and policies.
- (c) The standard at (3)(b) may be adjusted if consistent with the criteria of EC 9.8030(19).
- (d) ***Notwithstanding (a), (b) and (c) above, for alley access lots, the developer may improve the alley adjacent to the development site with a temporary surface, designed and constructed in accordance with the city's adopted temporary surface permit procedures.***

**Section 9.** Section 9.6775 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.6775 Underground Utilities.**

- (1) **Exemptions from Underground Utility Standards.** *The following are exempt from the undergrounding requirement of this section:*
- (a) *Temporary uses on a development site.*
  - (b) *New utility connections to structures or buildings with legally established above ground utility service.*
  - (c) *Secondary dwellings that can be served from an existing legally established above ground utility service to the primary dwelling on the development site.*
  - (d) *Dwellings on alley access lots that can be served from an existing above ground utility-owned structure.*
- (2) **Underground Utility Standards.** All new on-site utilities shall be placed underground if there is a utility-owned structure immediately adjacent to the development site, unless adjusted pursuant to the provisions of EC 9.8030(5). ~~[This provision does not apply to temporary uses on a development site or to new utility connections to structures or buildings with legally established above ground utility service.]~~ This requirement is satisfied if the applicant verifies in writing that utilities will be placed underground concurrent with planned future development to occur within 12 months. Exceptions shall be made for such features as padmounted transformers, switch cabinets, back flow prevention devices and closures needed to safely operate and maintain utility systems.

**Section 10.** Table 9.6870 in Section 9.6870 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

<b>Table 9.6870 Right-of-Way and Paving Widths</b>		
<b>Type of Street or Alley</b>	<b>Right-of-Way (for Public Streets and Alleys only)</b>	<b>Paving Width</b>
Major Arterials	100' – 120'	68' – 94'
Minor Arterials	65' – 100'	46' 70'
Major Collector	60' – 75'	32' – 44'
Neighborhood Collector	40' 55'	20' – 43'
Bicycle and Pedestrian Accessway:		
With Fire Accessibility	20'	20'
Without Fire Accessibility	10'	10'
Local Streets		
Alley (secondary access <b>or access to an alley access lot in R-1</b> ) <del>[only]</del>	14'	12'
Alley (primary access)	20'	12' one-way travel 20' two-way travel
Access Lane	40' – 55'	21' – 28'
Low Volume Residential	45' – 55'	20' – 28'
Medium Volume Residential	50' – 60'	20' – 34'
Commercial and Industrial	55' – 70'	30' – 44'
Cul-de-sac Bulb Radius:		
Residential	48.5''	35'
Non-residential	62'	50'
*Measured from face to face of curbs		

**Section 11.** Subsections (34), (35) and (36) of Section 9.8030 of the Eugene Code,

1971, are added, to provide as follows:

**9.8030** **Adjustment Review - Approval Criteria.** The planning director shall approve, conditionally approve, or deny an adjustment review application. Approval or conditional approval shall be based on compliance with the following applicable criteria.

**(34) Accessory Buildings in R-1. Building Height/Interior Setback or Building Size.** *Where this land use code provides that the standards for accessory buildings in R-1 may be adjusted, the building height/setback or building size standards may be adjusted upon demonstration of all of the following:*

- (a) The location and design of the accessory building maintains a compatible relationship to adjacent properties and does not significantly impact the privacy, light, or solar access of adjacent properties.*
- (b) The exterior design of the building maintains the scale of the neighborhood.*
- (c) The design of the building relates to the design of the primary dwelling and shall not visually dominate it or the surrounding properties.*

**(35) Secondary Dwellings.** *Where this land use code provides that the standards for secondary dwellings may be adjusted, the standards may be adjusted upon demonstration by the applicant that the applicable corresponding criteria are met.*

- (a) Temporary Leave. A property owner may exceed the temporary leave provisions by one additional consecutive year if the property owner submits proof of temporary leave status from the property owner's employer, educational facility, volunteer organization or medical provider.*
- (b) Conversion of Existing Building. A legally established building existing as of \_\_\_\_\_ [effective date of ordinance] may be converted to a secondary dwelling if it complies with all of the following:*
  - 1. The secondary dwelling is limited to 800 square feet in total building square footage, and occupies the first floor of a multi-story building or is limited to one-story.*
  - 2. The exterior design of the building is compatible with the existing dwelling on the lot, such as through building form, height, and construction materials.*
  - 3. The exterior design of the building maintains the scale of the neighborhood.*
  - 4. The location and design of the building maintains a compatible relationship to adjacent properties and does not significantly impact the privacy, light, solar access or parking of adjacent properties.*
- (c) Building Height. A detached secondary dwelling may be located above a detached accessory building if the secondary dwelling is limited to 500 square feet in area, the building does not exceed 24 feet in building height, and complies with all of the following:*



1. *The exterior design of the building is compatible with the primary dwelling on the lot, such as through building form, height, and construction materials.*
  2. *The exterior design of the building maintains the scale of the neighborhood.*
  3. *The location and design of the building maintains a compatible relationship to adjacent properties and does not significantly impact the privacy, light, solar access or parking of adjacent properties.*
  4. *Access stairs, decks, balconies, entry doors and large windows are oriented to the primary dwelling to the greatest extent possible, or to an alley if applicable. Windows that impact the privacy of the neighboring side or rear yard have been minimized.*
  5. *The design of the building relates to the design of the primary dwelling and shall not visually dominate it or the surrounding properties.*
- (36) **Alley Access Lots. Building Height/Interior Setback.** *Where this land use code provides that the development standards for alley access lots in R-1 may be adjusted, the building height/interior setback may be adjusted upon demonstration of all of the following:*
- (a) *The exterior design of the dwelling maintains the scale of the neighborhood.*
  - (b) *The location and design of the dwelling maintains a compatible relationship to adjacent properties and does not significantly impact the privacy, light, or solar access of adjacent properties.*
  - (c) *The impacts of windows or balconies to the privacy of the neighboring side or rear yard have been minimized such as through design, location, open space or landscaping.*
  - (d) *The design of the dwelling does not visually dominate the surrounding properties.*

**Section 12.** Subsection (3) of Section 9.8405 of the Eugene Code, 1971, is amended to provide as follows:

**9.8405 Applicability of Property Line Adjustment Applications.**

- (3) A property line adjustment application may not be utilized to create flag lots **or alley access lots.**

**Section 13.** The findings set forth in Exhibit F attached to this Ordinance are adopted as findings in support of this Ordinance.

**Section 14.** The City Recorder, at the request of, or with the concurrence of the City Attorney, is authorized to administratively correct any reference errors contained herein or in

other provisions of the Eugene Code, 1971, to the provisions added, amended or repealed herein.

**Section 15.** If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof.

**Section 16.** This Ordinance shall take effect pursuant to Section 32 of the Eugene Charter 2002, or on the date of its acknowledgement as provided in ORS 197.625, whichever is later.

**Passed by the City Council this**

**Approved by the Mayor this**

\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014

\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2014

\_\_\_\_\_  
**City Recorder**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Mayor**

Figure  
9.2751(16)(a)2.a

# Accessory Buildings - Interior Yard Setbacks

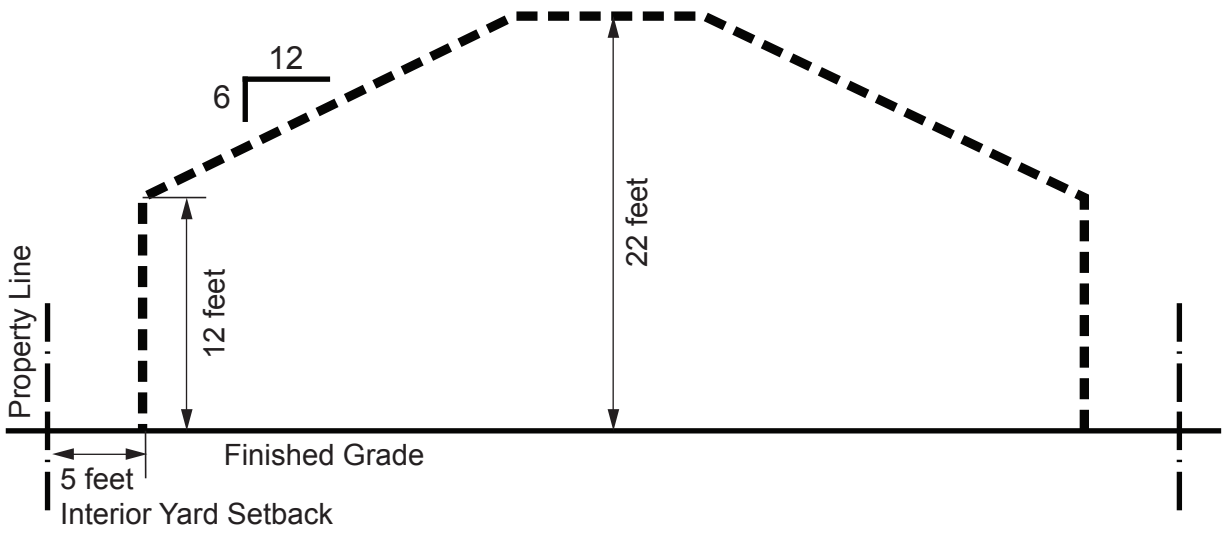


Figure  
9.2751(16)(b)3.

**Area - Specific  
Interior Yard Setbacks  
for Accessory Buildings,  
Secondary Dwellings and  
Alley Access Lots**

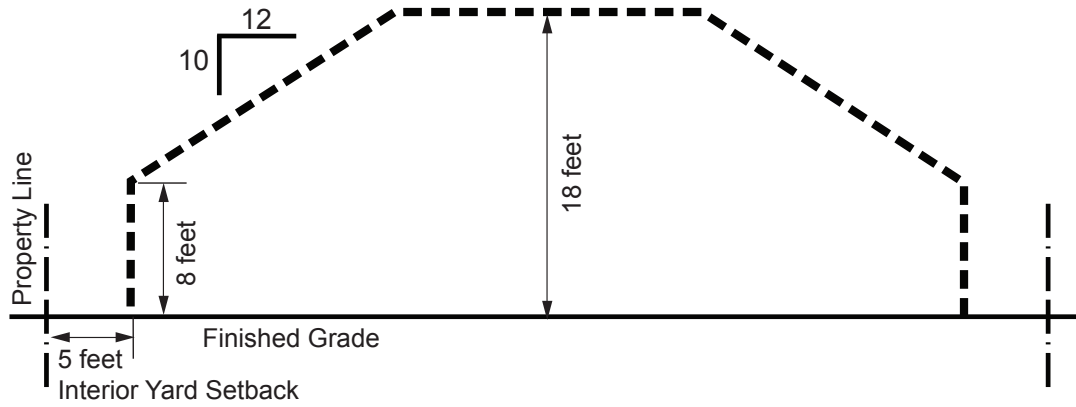


Figure 9.2751(17)(b)6.

# Detached Secondary Dwellings - Interior Yard Setbacks

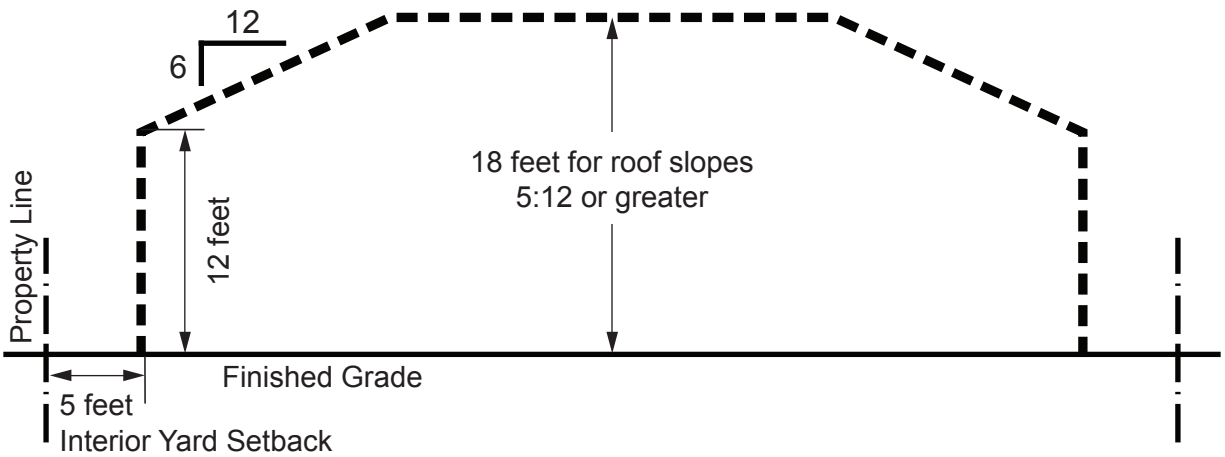
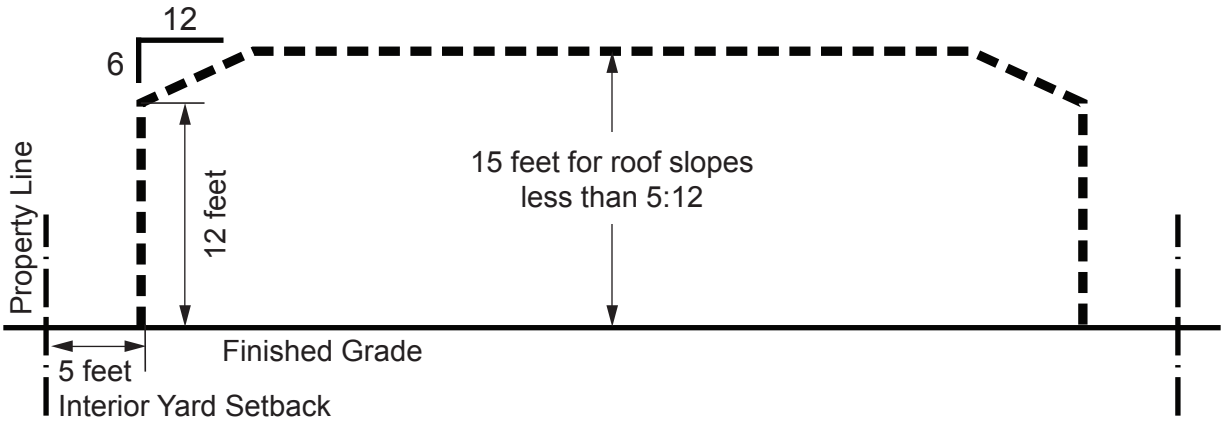


Figure  
9.2751(18)(a)5.

# Interior Yard Setbacks for Alley Access Lots

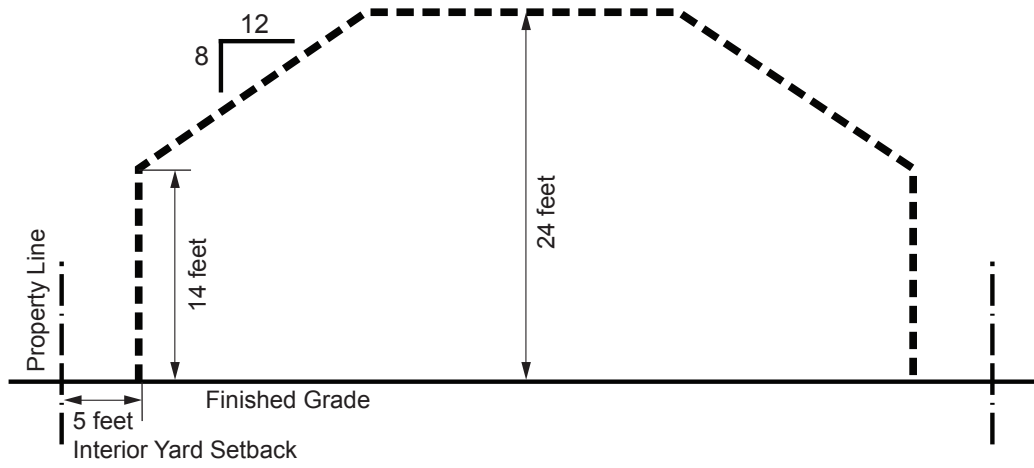
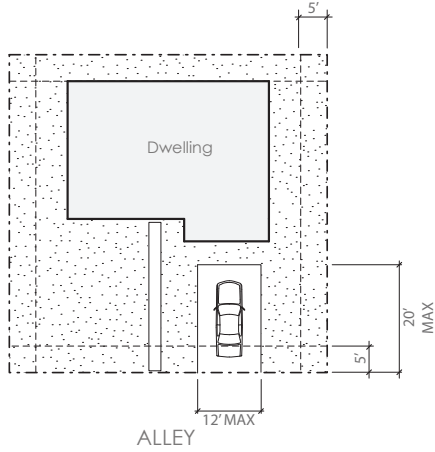


Exhibit E

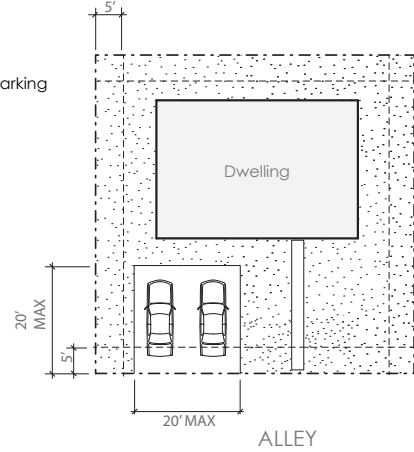
Figure 9.2751(18)(a)11.

# Parking and Driveway for Alley Access Lots

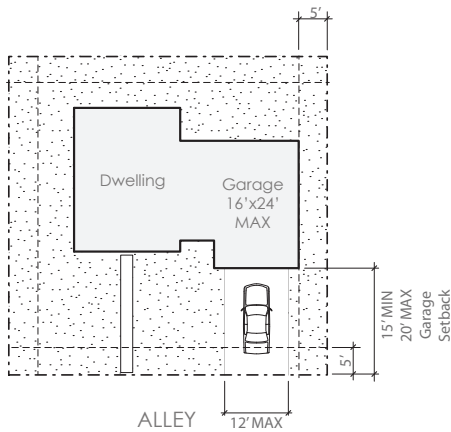
**OPTION A:**  
Single Perpendicular Parking  
400 SF MAX



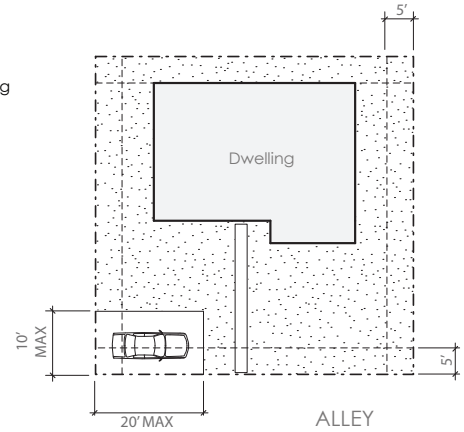
**OPTION B:**  
Side by Side Parking  
400 SF MAX



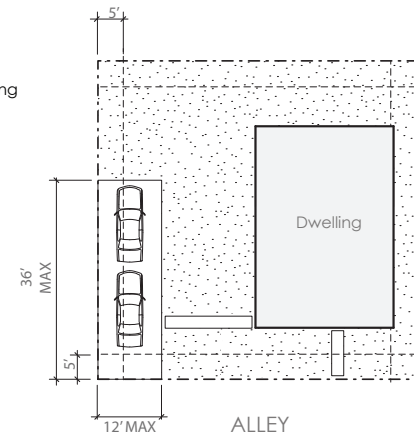
**OPTION C:**  
Attached Parking and  
Single Parking Combination  
400 SF MAX



**OPTION D:**  
Parallel Parking  
400 SF MAX



**OPTION E:**  
Tandem Parking  
400 SF MAX



--- Property Line  
- - - Setbacks

## Exhibit F

# Findings

### Single Family Land Use Code Amendments Secondary Dwellings, Accessory Buildings and Alley Access Lots (City File CA 13-3)

#### Overview

This package of land use code amendments of the R-1 Low Density Residential zone achieves the following:

- Improve compatibility standards for structures that are already allowed, including secondary dwellings, dwellings on existing alley access lots and accessory buildings;
- Allow for new alley access lots in limited areas, subject to compatibility standards

The goal of these amendments is to implement several Envision Eugene strategies under the housing affordability, neighborhood livability and climate change/energy resiliency pillars related to smaller homes. These amendments are also included as part of the city's strategy to accommodate more of the city's 20 year need for single-family housing (low density residential) inside the current urban growth boundary. Specifically, these amendments are part of a package of land use efficiency strategies the city is relying on to accommodate approximately 125 additional single-family homes inside the urban growth boundary.

#### Land Use Code Amendments (CA 13-1)

Eugene Code Section 9.8065 requires that the following approval criteria (in ***bold italics***) be applied to a code amendment:

- (1) The amendment is consistent with applicable statewide planning goals adopted by the Land Conservation and Development Commission.***

***Goal 1 - Citizen Involvement. To develop a citizen involvement program that insures the opportunity for citizens to be involved in all phases of the planning process.***

The City has acknowledged provisions for citizen involvement which insure the opportunity for citizens to be involved in all phases of the planning process and set out requirements for such involvement. The amendments do not amend the citizen involvement program. The process for adopting these amendments complied with Goal 1 because it is consistent with the citizen involvement provisions.

The early concepts for these amendments emerged out of the city's Infill Compatibility Standards (ICS) project (beginning in 2007), which was led by a task team that included 14 neighborhood association representatives, a Housing Policy Board representative, and five additional members with the perspectives of builders, developers, and designers of market-rate and affordable infill housing.

The initial code concepts were largely influenced by the previous work of the ICS project, specifically the Single-Family Dwelling Subcommittee and R-1 Infill/Flag Lot Implementation Team (RIFLIT), as well as the Neighborhood Livability Working Group, best practices from other cities, and a review of



## Exhibit F

Eugene land use code. Once drafted, the code concepts were reviewed and vetted by an external advisory group comprised of neighborhood advocates, designers and builders with expertise in single family housing, and two Planning Commissioners. The majority of the members of the advisory group were also part of the original ICS/RIFLT team.

Prior to the start of the formal adoption process, the code concepts were sent out for broad public feedback to over 120 individuals that are interested in the topic or involved in a group or profession associated with neighborhood livability and infill, including neighborhood leaders and advocates, property owners, architects, designers and developers, Infill Compatibility Standards Task Team, and the Home Builder's Association. Other engagement and information opportunities included an open house in June 2013, highlighting the project in the May edition of the Envision Eugene e-newsletter, an open invitation to neighborhood leaders and other interested parties to meet about the amendments, and the establishment of a project web page.

The Planning Commission public hearing on the proposal was duly noticed to all neighborhood organizations, community groups and individuals who have requested notice, as well as to the City of Springfield and Lane County. In addition, notice of the public hearing was also published in the Register Guard. The City Council will hold a duly noticed public hearing to consider approval, modification, or denial of the code amendments. These processes afford ample opportunity for citizen involvement consistent with Goal 1. Therefore, the proposed ordinance is consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 1.

*Goal 2 - Land Use Planning. To establish a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decisions and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual basis for such decisions and actions.*

The Eugene land use code specifies the procedure and criteria that were used in considering these amendments. The record shows that there is an adequate factual base for the amendments. The Goal 2 coordination requirement is met when the City engages in an exchange, or invites such an exchange, between the City and any affected governmental unit and when the City uses the information obtained in the exchange to balance the needs of the citizens. To comply with the Goal 2 coordination requirement, the City engaged in an exchange about the subject of these amendments with all of the affected governmental units. Specifically, the City provided notice of the proposed action and opportunity to comment to Lane County, Springfield and the Department of Land Conservation and Development. There are no exceptions to Statewide Planning Goal 2 required for these amendments. Therefore, the amendments are consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 2.

*Goal 3 - Agricultural Lands. To preserve agricultural lands.*

The amendments are for property located within the urban growth boundary and do not affect any land designated for agricultural use. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 3 does not apply.

*Goal 4 - Forest Lands. To conserve forest lands.*

The amendments are for property located within the urban growth boundary and do not affect any land designated for forest use. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 4 does not apply.

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Goal 5 - Open Spaces, Scenic and Historic Areas, and Natural Resources. To conserve open space and protect natural and scenic resources.

OAR 660-023-0250(3) provides: Local governments are not required to apply Goal 5 in consideration of a PAPA unless the PAPA affects a Goal 5 resource. For purposes of this section, a PAPA would affect a Goal 5 resource only if:

- (a) The PAPA creates or amends a resource list or a portion of an acknowledged plan or land use regulation adopted in order to protect a significant Goal 5 resource or to address specific requirements of Goal 5;
- (b) The PAPA allows new uses that could be conflicting uses with a particular significant Goal 5 resource site on an acknowledged resource list; or
- (c) The PAPA amends an acknowledged UGB and factual information is submitted demonstrating that a resource site, or the impact areas of such a site, is included in the amended UGB area.

These amendments do not create or amend the City's list of Goal 5 resources, do not amend a code provision adopted in order to protect a significant Goal 5 resource or to address specific requirements of Goal 5, do not allow new uses that could be conflicting uses with a significant Goal 5 resource site and do not amend the acknowledged urban growth boundary. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 5 does not apply.

Goal 6 - Air, Water and Land Resource Quality. To maintain and improve the quality of the air, water and land resources of the state.

Goal 6 addresses waste and process discharges from development, and is aimed at protecting air, water and land from impacts from those discharges. The amendments do not affect the City's ability to provide for clean air, water or land resources. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 6 does not apply.

Goal 7 - Areas Subject to Natural Disasters and Hazards. To protect life and property from natural disasters and hazards.

Goal 7 requires that local government planning programs include provisions to protect people and property from natural hazards such as floods, land slides, earthquakes and related hazards, tsunamis and wildfires. The Goal prohibits a development in natural hazard areas without appropriate safeguards. The amendments do not affect the City's restrictions on development in areas subject to natural disasters and hazards. Further, the amendments do not allow for new development that could result in a natural hazard. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 7 does not apply.

Goal 8 - Recreational Needs. To satisfy the recreational needs of the citizens of the state and visitors, and where appropriate, to provide for the siting of necessary recreational facilities including destination resorts.

Goal 8 ensures the provision of recreational facilities to Oregon citizens and is primarily concerned with the provision of those facilities in non-urban areas of the state. The amendments do not affect the City's provisions for or access to recreation areas, facilities or recreational opportunities.

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Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 8 does not apply.

*Goal 9 - Economic Development.* *To provide adequate opportunities throughout the state for a variety of economic activities vital to the health, welfare, and prosperity of Oregon's citizens.*

Goal 9 requires cities to evaluate the supply and demand of commercial land relative to community economic objectives. The Eugene Commercial Lands Study (1992) was adopted by the City of Eugene as a refinement of the Metro Plan, and complies with the requirements of Goal 9 and the corresponding Administrative Rule. As the amendments are specific to residential development standards in the R-1 Low Density Residential zone, which implements the low density residential Metro Plan designation, the amendments do not impact the supply of industrial or commercial lands. Therefore, the amendments are consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 9.

*Goal 10 - Housing.* *To provide for the housing needs of citizens of the state.*

Goal 10 requires communities to provide an adequate supply of residential buildable land to accommodate estimated housing needs for a 20-year planning period. The Residential Lands Study (1999) was adopted by the City of Eugene as a refinement of the Metro Plan, and complies with the requirements of Goal 10 and the corresponding Administrative Rule. According to the Residential Lands Study, there is sufficient buildable residential land to meet the identified land need.

The proposed amendments do not impact the supply of residential buildable land. No land is being re-designated from residential use to a nonresidential use, and the amendments do not otherwise diminish the lands available for residential use. Rather, the amendments increase the capacity of existing residential land, increasing the number of dwelling units without adversely impacting the residential land inventory. Accordingly, the amendments do not impact the supply or availability of residential lands included in the documented supply of "buildable land" that is available for residential development as inventoried in the acknowledged Residential Lands Study. Therefore, the amendments are consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 10.

*Goal 11- Public Facilities and Services.* *To plan and develop a timely, orderly and efficient arrangement of public facilities and services to serve as a framework for urban and rural development.*

The amendments do not affect the City's provision of public facilities and services. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 11 does not apply.

*Goal 12- Transportation.* *To provide and encourage a safe, convenient and economic transportation system.*

The Transportation Planning Rule (OAR 660-012-0060) contains the following requirement:

- (1) *If an amendment to a functional plan, an acknowledged comprehensive plan, or a land use regulation (including a zoning map) would significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility, then the local government must put in place measures as provided in section (2) of this rule, unless the amendment is allowed under section (3), (9) or (10) of this rule. A plan or land use regulation amendment significantly affects a transportation facility if it*

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would:

- (a) *Change the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility (exclusive of correction of map errors in an adopted plan);*
- (b) *Change standards implementing a functional classification system; or*
- (c) *Result in any of the effects listed in paragraphs (A) through (C) of this subsection based on projected conditions measured at the end of the planning period identified in the adopted TSP. As part of evaluating projected conditions, the amount of traffic projected to be generated within the area of the amendment may be reduced if the amendment includes an enforceable, ongoing requirement that would demonstrably limit traffic generation, including, but not limited to, transportation demand management. This reduction may diminish or completely eliminate the significant effect of the amendment.*
  - (A) *Types or levels of travel or access that are inconsistent with the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility;*
  - (B) *Degrade the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility such that it would not meet the performance standards identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan; or*
  - (C) *Degrade the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility that is otherwise projected to not meet the performance standards identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan.*

The proposed amendments do not change the functional classification of a transportation facility or change the standards implementing a functional classification system. Therefore, the amendments do not have a significant effect under (a) or (b). In regards to (c), the level of residential and development currently permitted through existing code and zoning regulations will remain essentially the same as a result of these amendments. The relatively small number of homes that are expected to be developed as a result of the secondary dwelling unit and alley access lot provisions will have a negligible impact on any transportation facility. Therefore, the amendments do not significantly affect any existing or future transportation facilities. Based on the above findings, the amendment is consistent with Statewide Planning Goal 12.

*Goal 13 - Energy Conservation.* *To conserve energy.*

The amendments do not impact energy conservation. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 13 does not apply.

*Goal 14 - Urbanization.* *To provide for an orderly and efficient transition from rural to urban land use.*

The amendments do not affect the City's provisions regarding the transition of land from rural to urban uses. Therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 14 does not apply.

*Goal 15 - Willamette River Greenway.* *To protect, conserve, enhance and maintain the natural, scenic, historical, agricultural, economic and recreational qualities of lands along the Willamette River as the Willamette River Greenway.*

The amendments do not contain any changes that affect the Willamette River Greenway regulations, therefore, Statewide Planning Goal 15 does not apply.

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### Goal 16 through 19 - Estuarine Resources, Coastal Shorelands, Beaches and Dunes, and Ocean Resources.

There are no coastal, ocean, estuarine, or beach and dune resources related to the property effected by these amendments. Therefore, these goals are not relevant and the amendments will not affect compliance with Statewide Planning Goals 16 through 19.

### **(2) *The amendment is consistent with applicable provisions of the Metro Plan and applicable adopted refinement plans.***

#### **Applicable Metro Plan Policies**

The following policies from the *Metro Plan* (identified below in *italics*) are applicable to these amendments. To the extent that the following policies constitute mandatory approval criteria, based on the findings provided below, the amendments are consistent with and supported by the applicable provisions of the *Metro Plan*.

#### Residential Land Use and Housing Element

##### *Residential Density Policies:*

- A.9 *Establish density ranges in local zoning and development regulations that are consistent with the broad density categories of this plan.*

*Low density: Through 10 dwelling units per gross acre (could translate up to 14.28 units per net acre depending on each jurisdictions implementation measures and land use and development codes)*

*Medium density: Over 10 through 20 dwelling units per gross acre (could translate to over 14.28 units per net acre through 28.56 units per net acre depending on each jurisdictions implementation measures and land use and development codes.)*

*High density: Over 20 dwelling units per gross acre (could translate to over 28.56 units per net acre depending on each jurisdictions implementation measures and land use and development codes)*

This policy was raised in public testimony. The proposed code amendments apply to the city's R-1 Low Density Residential Zone, which implements the Metro Plan's low density residential land use plan designation. The Eugene Code density provisions for the R-1 zone, which are not proposed to be changed as part of these amendments, are consistent with the above policy in that they allow for a maximum of 14 units per net acre. Consistent with this policy, the proposed single-family code amendments do not change or conflict with the density range for low density residential.

Testimony identified the proposed lot size for new alley access lots as being in conflict with the above density range for low density residential. When applying the Eugene Code density provisions to a land divisions (partitions and subdivisions), they are applied to the development site being divided. In

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the case of a 9,000 square foot development site (the minimum proposed size for the original lot prior to creation of an alley access lot) being divided into two lots, the resulting density is 9.68 or 10 (rounded) units per net acre. A net density of 10 units per acre is consistent with Eugene Code density provisions for the R-1 zone, and falls within the appropriate range above.

Testimony also identified that the existing provisions for secondary dwellings units do not comply with the density requirements for R-1 zoning in the land use code or with the low density residential designation in the Metro Plan. Secondary dwellings are currently permitted outright in the R-1 zone, subject to certain development standards. These include minimum lot area, which require a minimum lot size of 4,500 square feet to allow for an attached secondary dwelling and 6,000 square feet to allow for a detached secondary dwelling unit. Testimony states that allowing two units on the specific minimum lot area exceeds maximum allowable density in the R-1 zone and low density residential plan designation (14 units per net acre). These minimum lot area requirements, which were adopted in 2002 (Ordinance No. 20270) are not proposed to be changed as part of these code amendments.

Secondary dwellings (previously called accessory dwellings prior to the 2001 land use code update) have long been permitted within the City of Eugene's R-1 zone as a means to promote opportunities for small scale infill, to make efficient use of land, and to fulfill the Metro Plan's overall goals and policies to increase overall residential density. The City of Eugene typically approves building permits for an average of 9 secondary dwellings per year. Historically, these dwellings have not counted toward residential density provisions. This approach is consistent with how many communities across the state treat secondary dwellings (including City of Springfield) and is supported by Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) staff.

Regarding consistency with the Metro Plan, the above policy provides a density range that depends on "dwelling units" for its density calculation. However, it does not dictate how that calculation is done and what dwelling units are counted in that calculation. The city has had a long practice of not counting secondary dwelling units (whether attached or detached) in the density "dwelling per net acre" calculation. The City of Springfield, which also does not count secondary dwellings towards density requirements, calculates density the same way and therefore interprets the Metro Plan density language in the same way the City of Eugene has historically interpreted it. While the historical practice alone is not enough to justify the city's policy not to count secondary dwelling units, it goes a long way in explaining the rationale behind the practice.

This approach is further supported by other text and policies in the Metro Plan, including text that calls for an overall average of about six units per gross acres for new construction (page II-G-3), and policy A.13 that calls for increasing overall residential density by creating more opportunities for effectively designed infill (see full text of policy below). Allowing for secondary dwellings without counting them towards residential density provisions is an effective means of gradually increasing overall average density on a city wide scale. The proposed code amendments strengthen the current design standards (including lowering building heights and adding sloped setbacks) and address neighborhood compatibility.

Additionally, Policy A.16, which allows for the development of zoning districts which overlap the established Metro Plan density ranges to promote housing choice and result in either maintaining or

## Exhibit F

increasing housing density in those districts, lends support to the City's practice regarding secondary dwellings and density. While not entirely germane to the City's current allowance for secondary dwellings in the current R-1 Low Density Residential zone, this policy acknowledges that the City of Eugene (and Springfield) can develop zoning that overlaps with the above density ranges.

The provisions related to minimum lot area were adopted in 2002 as part of a package of amendments concerning secondary dwellings and flag lots. This approach was found to be consistent with the applicable Metro Plan policies and Statewide Planning Goals, and was acknowledged by the state. The city is entitled to interpret the Metro Plan and to determine how those calculations are done.

*A.12 Coordinate higher density residential development with the provision of adequate infrastructure and services, open space, and other urban amenities.*

This policy was raised in public testimony. To the extent that allowing for alley access lots in limited areas in the R-1 Low Density Residential zone constitutes higher density residential development as referenced in this policy, the provision of adequate infrastructure and services will be reviewed through the land division process for each individual proposal for the creation of an alley access lot. The approval criteria for partitions and subdivisions, as provided for in the Eugene Code, require compliance with the City's standards for streets, alleys and other public ways and for public improvement.

*A.13 Increase overall residential density in the metropolitan area by creating more opportunities for effectively designed in-fill, redevelopment, and mixed use while considering impacts of increased residential density on historic, existing and future neighborhoods.*

The intent of the amendments pertaining to secondary dwellings and alley access lots is to allow for compatible infill, consistent with this policy. The addition of standards addressing building height and sloped setbacks for secondary dwellings and alley access lots is to ensure that such has minimal impact on surrounding properties in existing neighborhoods.

### *Housing Type and Tenure Policies*

*A.17 Provide opportunities for a full range of choice in housing type, density, size, cost and location.*

*A.18 Encourage a mix of structure types and densities within residential designations by reviewing and, if necessary, amending local zoning and development regulations.*

*A.20 Encourage home ownership of all housing types, particularly for low-income households.*

Consistent with these policies, the amendments provide for more opportunities for smaller housing types for both rental (secondary dwelling units) and homeownership (alley access lots) within existing single family neighborhoods.

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### *Design and Mixed Use Policies*

- A.23 Reduce impacts of higher density residential and mixed-use development on surrounding use by considering site, landscape, and architectural design standards or guidelines in local zoning and development regulations.*

This policy was raised in public testimony. To the extent that allowing for alley access lots in limited areas in the R-1 Low Density Residential zone constitutes higher density residential development as referenced in this policy, the amendments are consistent with this policy in that they add design standards to address building height, setbacks, upper story windows, dormers and balconies, parking area and building size. These standards will also apply to existing alley access lots (created when such lots were previously allowed in the R-1 zone), which are currently subject to the development standards that apply to typical R-1 lots.

- A.24 Considering adopting or modifying local zoning and development regulations to provide a discretionary design review process or clear and objective design standards, in order to address issues of compatibility, aesthetics, open space and other community concerns.*

Consistent with this policy direction, the amendments related to secondary dwellings, accessory buildings and alley access lots all include clear and objective design standards that address compatibility and aesthetics, and also include a discretionary path (adjustment review) to allow for flexibility, while maintaining compatibility, under certain circumstances.

### Transportation Element

#### *Land Use Policies*

- F.4. Require improvements that encourage transit, bicycles, and pedestrians in new commercial, public, mixed use and multi-unit residential development.*

This policy was raised in public testimony. This policy is not applicable to the proposed code amendments because the amendments do not involve or affect commercial, public, mixed use or multi-unit residential development.

#### *Transportation System Improvements: Roadway Policies*

- F.14 Address the mobility and safety needs of motorists, transit users, bicyclists, pedestrians, and the needs of emergency vehicles when planning and constructing roadway system improvements.*

This policy was raised in public testimony as applying to the proposed amendments to allow for alley access lots. This policy is not applicable to alleys, because, as stated in TransPlan, this policy is relevant to the region's roadway system, which is comprised of arterial and collector streets.

#### *Transportation System Improvements: Bicycle Policies*



## Exhibit F

*F.22 Construct and improve the region's bikeway system and provide bicycle system support facilities for both new development and redevelopment/expansion.*

This policy was raised in public testimony as applying to the proposed amendments to allow for alley access lots. As stated in TransPlan, the bicycle policies are focused on directing bicycle system improvements, such as expansion of the existing regional network, the provision of safety improvements and the addition of adequate support facilities. This policy is not applicable to the proposed amendments for alley access lots, as it applies to system improvements at the regional level rather than individual sites.

### *Transportation System Improvements: Pedestrian Policies*

*F.26 Provide for a pedestrian environment that is well integrated with adjacent land uses and is designed to enhance safety, comfort, and convenience of walking.*

This policy was raised in public testimony as applying to the proposed amendments to allow for alley access lots. This policy is not applicable to the proposed amendments for alley access lots as it is intended to apply on a broader scale (system improvements) than an individual single family lot.

### **Applicable Refinement Plans**

Given the broad applicability of these amendments (R-1 Low Density Residential zoning applies throughout the city), all adopted refinement plans were reviewed for consistency. It is noted that the secondary dwelling unit and accessory buildings amendments apply citywide. Areas with existing alley access lots or where new alley access lots could potentially be created, given the existence of alleys, include areas covered by the Fairmount/U of O Special Area Study, Jefferson/Far West Refinement Plan, South Hills Study and the Whitaker Plan. Additionally, new alleys could be created through a subdivision process citywide.

No relevant policies were found in the following adopted refinement plans:

- Bethel-Danebo Refinement Plan (1982)
- Bethel-Danebo Refinement Plan Phase II (1977)
- Central Area Transportation Study (2004)
- Comprehensive Stormwater Management Plan (1993)
- Eugene Commercial Lands Study (1992)
- Eugene Downtown Plan (2004)
- Eugene (EWEB) Downtown Riverfront Specific Area Plan (2013)
- Laurel Hill Neighborhood Plan (1982)
- 19th and Agate Special Area Study (1988)
- Riverfront Park Study (1985)
- South Hills Study (1974)
- South Willamette Subarea Study (1987)
- TransPlan (2002)
- Walnut Station Specific Area Plan (2010)
- Westside Neighborhood Plan (1987)
- West University Refinement Plan (1982)
- Whiteaker Plan (1994)
- Willow Creek Special Area Study (1982)

## Exhibit F

- Resolution No. 3862 Adopting the West 11th Commercial Land Use Policy and Refining the Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Area General Plan (1984)
- Resolution No. 3885 Establishing Areas for the Application of C-4 Commercial-Industrial District Zoning, and Amending Resolution No. 3862 (1984)

Findings addressing relevant provisions of applicable refinement plans are provided below.

### **Fairmount/U of O Special Area Study (1982)**

Although there are no policies in this refinement plan that directly address the amendments or constitute mandatory approval criteria, the below text from the Land Use Diagram Text of the plan is relevant. As these amendments apply within the Low Density Residential area, and are intended to preserve and maintain the existing single family character, they are consistent with, and supported by this text.

#### Low Density Residential

*This area generally encompasses the south and east portions of the special study area. This area is to remain in low-density residential use with emphasis on preserving and maintaining the single-family character which currently exists.*

### **Jefferson Far West Refinement Plan (1983)**

The following residential policies in the Land Use Element of the plan lend general support for the amendments:

*2.0 Increase the opportunity for home ownership in the area.*

*3.0 Encourage a mixture of housing densities and types to allow a diverse population group to live in the area.*

The amendments related to secondary dwelling units and alley access lots are consistent with these policies in that they provide the opportunity for smaller single family housing types, and the alley access lot provisions provide the opportunity for home ownership.

Additionally, the following policies in Land Use Element (following the land use diagram) are relevant:

#### *2. Central Low-Density Residential Area*

*The low-density designation recognizes existing residential development and land uses. The City shall continue to recognize the residential character of the area and provide incentives for public and private rehabilitation of rundown structures. In addition, the City shall encourage block planning, infilling, and shared housing. Access to housing units off of alleys shall be accommodated when not in conflict with other policies and goals.*

#### *4. South Low-Density Residential Area*

*This area shall be recognized as appropriate for low-density residential use. The City shall encourage the rehabilitation of rundown structures, block planning, infilling, and shared housing.*

#### *15. Low Density Residential Area*

## Exhibit F

*This area shall be recognized as appropriate for low-density residential use. The City shall explore methods of encouraging an increase in residential density yet maintaining the character of the area. The City shall encourage block planning, infilling, and shared housing. Access to housing units off of alleys shall be accommodated when not in conflict with other policies and goals.*

Within all three of these low density residential subareas of the plan, the City is directed to encourage infilling. Consistent with this policy direction, the amendments related to secondary dwellings and alley access lots are intended to encourage compatible infill housing. Additionally, the amendments to allow for alley access lots and the associated compatibility standards are consistent with the policy direction to accommodate access to housing units off alleys when not in conflict with other policies and goals.

### **River Road-Santa Clara Urban Facilities Plan (1987)**

The following policies from the Residential Land Use section are relevant:

- 1.0 Recognize and maintain the predominately low-density residential character of the area consistent with the Metro Plan.*
- 2.0 Provide a diversity of housing types in the area. Available techniques include encouraging reinvestment and rehabilitation of existing housing stock and the use of development standards that provide for clustering or planned unit development.*

The amendments attempt to strike a balance between maintaining the character of existing low density neighborhoods and providing a diversity of housing types in the area, consistent with this policy. While the amendments continue to allow for secondary dwellings in recognition of the importance of this small single-family housing type, they also include standards to improve the compatibility of these dwellings.

### **Willakenzie Area Plan (1992)**

Although there are no policies in this refinement plan that directly address the amendments or constitute mandatory approval criteria, the following land use policy lends general support for the amendments:

#### *Residential Policies*

- 1. Maintain the existing low-density residential character of existing Willakenzie neighborhoods, while recognizing the need to provide housing for all income groups in the city.*
- 4. Encourage a mixture of housing densities and types to address the housing needs of a diverse population.*

The amendments attempt to strike a balance between maintaining the character of existing low density neighborhoods and providing housing for all income levels, consistent with this policy. While the amendments continue to allow for secondary dwellings in recognition of the importance of this housing type, they also include standards to improve the compatibility of these dwellings.

### **TransPlan (2002)**

## Exhibit F

Several policies from TransPlan were raised in public testimony as applying to the proposed amendments. Those policies are addressed above under the Metro Plan, as identical policies are included in the Metro Plan. Those findings are incorporated herein by reference as demonstration of compliance with these policies.

Based on the above findings, the proposal is consistent with and supported by the applicable provisions of these adopted plans.

**(3) *The amendment is consistent with EC 9.3020 Criteria for Establishment of an S Special Area Zone, in the case of establishment of a special area zone.***

The amendments do not establish a special area zone. Therefore, this criterion does not apply to these amendments.